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#### Correction

# **Correction: Generalized primal topological spaces**

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**Abstract:** The purpose of this note is to give some mistyping corrections for our published article in [1].

**Keywords:** generalized primal topology; generalized primal neighbourhood;  $(g, \mathcal{P})$ -open sets;  $cl^{\diamond}$ -operator;  $\Phi$ -operator

Mathematics Subject Classification: 54A05, 54A10, 54A20

### A correction on

Generalized primal topological spaces,

by Hanan Al-Saadi and Huda Al-Malki. AIMS Mathematics, 2023, 8(10): 24162–24175. DOI:10.3934/math.20231232.

These errata give the following correct statements for the corresponding statements on the cited page of our published article [1].

The description of Examples 3.1–3.3 on pages 24165 and 24166 in [1] is incomplete, now it is corrected as below:

**Example 0.1.** Consider  $X = \{a, b, c\}$ ,  $g = \{\phi, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, X\}$  and the primal set  $\mathcal{P} = \{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a, b\}\}$ . Hence,  $(X, g, \mathcal{P})$  is a generalized primal topological space.

#### Example 0.2. Consider

 $X = \{a, b, c\}, \quad \mathfrak{g} = \{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a, b\}, X\}$ 

and

 $\mathcal{P} = \{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}\}.$ 

*Let*  $A = \{a, b\}$ *. Then,*  $A^{\diamond} = \{b, c\}$ *. Therefore,*  $A^{\diamond} \not\subseteq A$  *and*  $A \not\subseteq A^{\diamond}$ *.* 

Example 0.3. Consider

$$X = \{a, b, c\}, \quad g = \{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a, b\}, X\}$$

and

 $\mathcal{P} = \{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}\}.$ 

*Let*  $A = \{a, b\}$  *and*  $B = \{c\}$ *. Then,* 

 $A^{\diamond} = \{b, c\} and B^{\diamond} = \{c\}.$ 

Thus,  $A^{\diamond} \cap B^{\diamond} = \{c\}$  and  $(A \cap B)^{\diamond} = \phi$ . Therefore,

$$A^{\diamond} \cap B^{\diamond} \not\subseteq (A \cap B)^{\diamond}.$$

#### **Conflict of interest**

The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

## References

1. Hanan Al-Saadi, Huda Al-Malki, Generalized primal topological spaces, *AIMS Math.*, **8** (2023), 24162–24175. https://doi.org/10.3934/math.20231232



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